S&P Global Ratings

RatingsDirect[®]

Asia-Pacific Credit Conditions Still Weak; Eyes Remain On China

Primary Credit Analysts:

Andrew D Palmer, Melbourne (61) 3-9631-2052; andrew.palmer@spglobal.com Peter J Eastham, Melbourne (61)3-9631-2184; peter.eastham@spglobal.com

Secondary Contacts:

Terry E Chan, CFA, Melbourne (61) 3-9631-2174; terry.chan@spglobal.com Gavin J Gunning, Melbourne (61) 3-9631-2092; gavin.gunning@spglobal.com Erin Kitson, Melbourne (61) 3-9631-2166; erin.kitson@spglobal.com Christopher Lee, Hong Kong (852) 2533-3562; christopher.k.lee@spglobal.com Eunice Tan, Hong Kong (852) 2533-3553; eunice.tan@spglobal.com KimEng Tan, Singapore (65) 6239-6350; kimeng.tan@spglobal.com

MELBOURNE (S&P Global Ratings) Oct. 12, 2016--Asia-Pacific's credit conditions remain weak, S&P Global Ratings said in a report published today titled, "Weakness Continues In Asia-Pacific Despite Easier Financing; Eyes Remain On China."

Credit trends in Asia-Pacific continued to be less favorable in the third quarter of 2016 with a net negative rating bias continuing as a result of the lag effect from the region's economic slowdown. However, financing and debt capital market conditions have generally stabilized and have swung back to life after volatile market conditions over the previous quarters.

"While stability in the financial markets is welcome, we are likely to continue to see investors on the fixed-income side being selective on asset classes, underlying credit risk, and country exposure with a focus on duration management," said S&P Global Ratings credit analyst Andrew Palmer.

S&P Global Ratings expects the negative momentum in Asia-Pacific's credit quality to continue in the remainder of 2016 in terms of rating downgrades and defaults because of the ongoing rebalancing of China's economy and commodity prices. In fact, the negative bias on Asia-Pacific issuers moved up to 13% in

August 2016, from 11% in May 2016, despite recent rating downgrades, indicating that rating transition risk remains.

On the economic front, the third quarter has been relatively quiet for Asia-Pacific. Growth trends have been fairly stable and markets have been pretty calm. India and Japan have provided most of the fireworks. India passed a long-awaited good and services tax that should increase efficiency and the tax offtake, as well as boost growth prospects. Japan wobbled yet again as far as second-quarter GDP went, but the Bank of Japan rolled out a new set of initiatives in September including "yield curve control" that signaled a new determination to defeat deflation. Strong growth also continued in the Philippines and Vietnam.

Only a rating committee may determine a rating action and this report does not constitute a rating action.

The report is available to subscribers of RatingsDirect at www.globalcreditportal.com and at www.spcapitaliq.com. If you are not a RatingsDirect subscriber, you may purchase a copy of the report by calling (1) 212-438-7280 or sending an e-mail to research_request@spglobal.com. Ratings information can also be found on the S&P Global Ratings' public website by using the Ratings search box located in the left column at www.standardandpoors.com. Members of the media may request a copy of this report by contacting the media representative provided.

Copyright © 2016 by S&P Global Market Intelligence, a division of S&P Global Inc. All rights reserved.

No content (including ratings, credit-related analyses and data, valuations, model, software or other application or output therefrom) or any part thereof (Content) may be modified, reverse engineered, reproduced or distributed in any form by any means, or stored in a database or retrieval system, without the prior written permission of Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC or its affiliates (collectively, S&P). The Content shall not be used for any unlawful or unauthorized purposes. S&P and any third-party providers, as well as their directors, officers, shareholders, employees or agents (collectively S&P Parties) do not guarantee the accuracy, completeness, timeliness or availability of the Content. S&P Parties are not responsible for any errors or omissions (negligent or otherwise), regardless of the cause, for the results obtained from the use of the Content, or for the security or maintenance of any data input by the user. The Content is provided on an "as is" basis. S&P PARTIES DISCLAIM ANY AND ALL EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ANY WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR USE, FREEDOM FROM BUGS, SOFTWARE ERRORS OR DEFECTS, THAT THE CONTENT'S FUNCTIONING WILL BE UNINTERRUPTED, OR THAT THE CONTENT WILL OPERATE WITH ANY SOFTWARE OR HARDWARE CONFIGURATION. In no event shall S&P Parties be liable to any party for any direct, indirect, incidental, exemplary, compensatory, punitive, special or consequential damages, costs, expenses, legal fees, or losses (including, without limitation, lost income or lost profits and opportunity costs or losses caused by negligence) in connection with any use of the Content even if advised of the possibility of such damages.

Credit-related and other analyses, including ratings, and statements in the Content are statements of opinion as of the date they are expressed and not statements of fact. S&P's opinions, analyses, and rating acknowledgment decisions (described below) are not recommendations to purchase, hold, or sell any securities or to make any investment decisions, and do not address the suitability of any security. S&P assumes no obligation to update the Content following publication in any form or format. The Content should not be relied on and is not a substitute for the skill, judgment and experience of the user, its management, employees, advisors and/or clients when making investment and other business decisions. S&P does not act as a fiduciary or an investment advisor except where registered as such. While S&P has obtained information from sources it believes to be reliable, S&P does not perform an audit and undertakes no duty of due diligence or independent verification of any information it receives.

To the extent that regulatory authorities allow a rating agency to acknowledge in one jurisdiction a rating issued in another jurisdiction for certain regulatory purposes, S&P reserves the right to assign, withdraw, or suspend such acknowledgement at any time and in its sole discretion. S&P Parties disclaim any duty whatsoever arising out of the assignment, withdrawal, or suspension of an acknowledgment as well as any liability for any damage alleged to have been suffered on account thereof.

S&P keeps certain activities of its business units separate from each other in order to preserve the independence and objectivity of their respective activities. As a result, certain business units of S&P may have information that is not available to other S&P business units. S&P has established policies and procedures to maintain the confidentiality of certain nonpublic information received in connection with each analytical process.

S&P may receive compensation for its ratings and certain analyses, normally from issuers or underwriters of securities or from obligors. S&P reserves the right to disseminate its opinions and analyses. S&P's public ratings and analyses are made available on its Web sites, www.standardandpoors.com (free of charge), and www.ratingsdirect.com and www.globalcreditportal.com (subscription) and www.spcapitaliq.com (subscription) and may be distributed through other means, including via S&P publications and third-party redistributors. Additional information about our ratings fees is available at www.standardandpoors.com/usratingsfees.

STANDARD & POOR'S, S&P and RATINGSDIRECT are registered trademarks of Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC.