

Search Engine Optimization Using Content Server

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Overview of SEO techniques

- "Fly Casual"
- Quality Content
- Keyword research & placement
- Avoid redundancy by not repeating yourself
- Page Structure

How FatWire Can Help

- Collaborative authoring
- Asset Modeling
- Flex Filters & Text Mining
- Cross-linking, SEO and URLs
- Template Design Techniques & the GSF
- Site Map
- Utilize UGC

Discussion





Part I: An Overview of Selected SEO Topics

Search Engine Optimization is the use of various techniques to improve a web site's ranking and thus attract more visitors

-- Wiktionary





- Search Engine Optimization = End User Optimization
 - Make your pages easy for your visitors and search engines will reward you
 - The most compelling pages nearly always rank first
- Be a good citizen
 - Don't bother trying to trick the search engines
 - ...they know about you...
 - Google changes its algorithm 500 times per year
- Know what search engines are trying to do but don't act like you know how they are doing it





Quality Content

Compelling content always ranks higher

- Why do you like the pages you visit every day?
 - It's about a topic you find interesting
 - You haven't seen it before
 - Other people with similar interests find it relevant



Keep your content fresh and relevant

- Fresh content represents your contribution your value
- Focus
 - Off-topic rants don't help your credibility





Keyword Research & Placement

Think back to high school

- Organize your thoughts into an outline
- Create a keyword outline
 - Select relevant key words for your content
 - Research their relevance and value
 - If your content is organized, these outlines will coincide
- Merge your outlines together into a wellcrafted, organized article, with keywords sprinkled in appropriate places







Stay On Topic

- Keep the theme of your page consistent & launch new pages for new ideas
- Diluting the theme of your page dilutes its value to your users, and therefore its page rank

I once knew a man who kept
talking about things that didn't
matter. Boy did that drive me
nuts. He was such a character.
I'll never forget him. He had
brown hair, walked with a limp,
and whenever he spoke the
strangest thing would happen:
His right eye would blink in morse
code, spelling out the words
He was actually saying

?!?!?





Avoid Dilution and Duplication

- You will be penalized in the rankings if your content appeared elsewhere and is duplicated without any added value
 - Even if it's your own content and both pages are yours (don't split your own page rank)
- Avoid having more than one URL for a page
 - www.fatwire.com vs fatwire.com
 - Printer-friendly URLs
 - Duplicate URLs
 - All of these will dilute your page rank by splitting it among the different URLs





Page Structure

- Craft your markup as thoughtfully as your content
- Use title tags
- Use h1/h2 tags
- Images aren't read use alt text
- A word about meta keywords
- Write a good meta description





Page Structure

- URLs
 - Actual URL content
 - Uniqueness
 - URL Shortening Services
- Links are endorsements
 - Consider the source!
 - Yourself, a respected site, a link farm...
- Use a site map page for visitors
- Have a sitemap.xml

- Show your physical address!
 - So you can be be accurately placed in local results pages.



Part II

How SEO can be Implemented With FatWire's Software





Write Compelling Content



- Utilize TeamUp to formulate your content and keyword outlines
- Collaborate with others in your organization before writing your copy
- When ready, move content to Content Server





Asset Model

- Your asset model should capture key data
 - H1 title
 - Meta desription
 - URL
 - Keywords
 - Link text
 - Tags
- Define relationships to link to related content
- Carefully manage external links as assets so that they can be used strategically

Name: Description: Status:	My Article Article Edited
D:	1272988021113
Parent Definitions:	(none)
Attribute Names:	*h1title *metatitle *metadescription *metakeyword *linktext *body

GSF supports all of these out-of-the-box with Web Referenceable Assets, Tagging, and Aliases





Utilize Flex Filters for Automation and Text Mining

- Users don't always create their own meta descriptions or identify relevant keywords
- A flex filter is called just before a flex asset is saved to the database
- Invoke external services to process data and update asset fields
 - Extract the first 2 sentences for a description
 - Invoke a text mining service to extract keywords
- Customize the UI to leverage link suggestions





Link API Improvements

- In older rendering models, c, cid & p were often required
 - Users needed to use Link templates to calculate proper links
 - Embedding links in text meant embedding a Link pagelet
 - Linktext had to be passed in
- Since 7.5.3, we can extend the link calculation mechanism to do this logic in Java
 - No more Link templates!
 - Enables "highlight and link" in rich text fields

```
[1] PageRef extends Reference implements IPageRef(/11)
li>Reference implements IReference
li>interface IPageRef extends IReference (/li>
li>interface IReference extends Definition
(01)
10>
author Dolf Dijkstra
author Tony Field
see Reference
see IReference
see Definition
since Jun 17, 2010
ic class WraPageReference extends PageRef {
  (non-Javadoc)
* com.openmarket.xcelerate.publish.PageRef#setParameters(java.u
* COM.FutureTense.Interfaces.ICS)

§SuppressWarnings("unchecked")

    Override

public void setParameters(Map args, ICS ics) throws ReferenceExc
   // no processing to do if not serving a page for SS
   if (getSatelliteContext() == SatelliteContext.SATELLITE_SERV
       AssetId id = new AssetIdImpl((String) args.get("c"), Lon
       VirtualWebrootDao vwDao = new VirtualWebrootDao(ics);
       WraCoreFieldDao wraDao = new WraCoreFieldDao(ics);
       String currentEnvironment = vwDao.getVirtualWebrootEnvir
       // only look up webroots for WRAs when the environment i
       if (currentEnvironment != null && wraDao.isWebReferencea
            WebReferenceableAsset wra = wraDao.getWra(id);
            // get the webroot
            VirtualWebroot vw = vwDao.lookupVirtualWebrootForAss
```



Effective Cross-Linking

- The introduction of the concept of Web Referenceable Assets in the GSF adds to this
 - Only one URL per asset
 - Therefore no need to pass "p"
 - All WRA links are proper, vanityurl-style permalinks
- Link generation frustration is history
- Editors can link to their own content using keywords they select from their body text, which improves search ranking







Search Engine-Optimized URLs

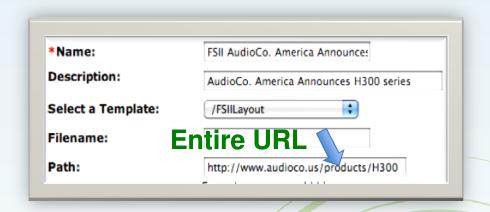
- Fully hand-crafted (vanity) URLs are highly desirable for web marketers
- Search engines favor URLs with appropriate keywords in them
 - Pretty is not essential for search engines, but humans like them
- URL assemblers introduced this capacity several years ago
 - Tradeoffs existed
 - Custom code was often required
 - Configuration was tricky
- This year the GSF introduced the Web Referenceable Asset and associated URL assembly infrastructure
 - Full vanity URL support is included
 - Complete control is provided simply and transparently to editors





Full Control over URL Format

- The path field now contains the entire URL for the WRA as it would be deployed to production
- Smart substitution infrastructure ensures the URL can work on other environments
- Wide open text field?
 - URL must match a preregistered "Virtual Webroot" prefix
 - Workflow or UI customizations can further restrict editing
 - Auto-suggest URLs based on headline etc.



- Customize the path field UI for
 - Auto-suggestion
 - Restriction
 - Full automation





Template Design Techniques

- Clean template design is difficult when combined with pagelet caching
 - The FirstSite II rendering model has a Layout template
 - Beyond that, tracing through code to identify which code produced markup is tedious
 - Template layouts that override the standard Layout require special cases that tend to be developer-unfriendly
 - If-then-else blocks
 - Multiple nested layers
 - Maintenance costs of this complex infrastructure outweigh the performance and re-use benefits
- A simpler, more pragmatic approach was needed!
 - Use template-dispatching directly from the wrapper (i.e. no Layout!)
 - This is the technique utilized by the GSF





Template Design Techniques & the GSF

- Rather than avoiding duplicating code at all costs (which are too high), allow some
- The WRA specifies its own template & the controller calls it.
 - Eliminates Layout and Detail dispatcher layers completely
- All core layout code moves into the WRA main body template
 - Everything is visible to the developer in one place
 - Normal caching applies
 - Virtually no tradeoff

```
rotected void doExecute() {
   recordCompositionalDependencies();
   final AssetIdWithSite id = resolveAssetId();
   if (id == null || id.getSite() == null) {
       throw new CSRuntimeException("Asset or site not found:
   LOG.trace("BaseController found a valid asset and site: " +
   WebReferenceableAsset wra;
       wra = wraCoreFieldDao.getWra(id);
    catch (IllegalArgumentException e) {
       throw new CSRuntimeException("Web-Referenceable Asset
  callTemplate(id, wra getTemplate());
  LOG.trace("BaseController execution complete");
rotected void handleException(final Exception e) {
   if (e instanceof CSRuntimeException) {
       handleCSRuntimeException((CSRuntimeException) e);
       sendError(500, e);
```



Template Design Techniques

- I know what you're thinking...
- "You're telling me I have to duplicate my Layout code!"
- Yes. I am.
 - Weigh the tradeoff:
 - Most sites have 8-20 wireframes
 - Of those, 2-6 are "special"
 - As few as 2 and only as many as 18 end up being duplicated
 - Pagelets are still regularly used for headers, footers, navs, etc.
 - Thus a very small number of lines end up being duplicated, and they are presented very clearly to the developer
- The maintenance cost for this duplication is far less than the cost of maintaining the zero-duplication, complex, nested code.
- It is also faster to write it
- Simpler templates are more agile and can be adapted to changing needs more quickly... like improved SEO design





Designing Templates for SEO

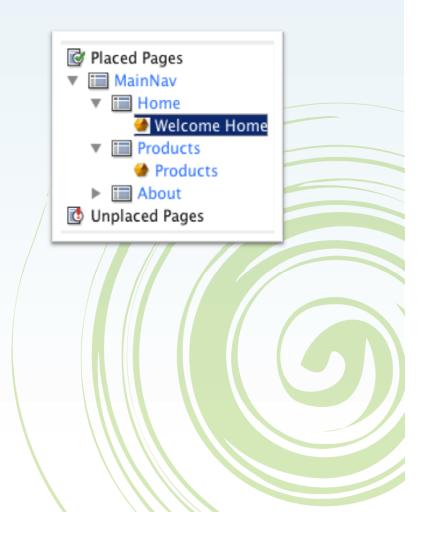
```
<%@ taglib prefix="cs" uri="futuretense_cs/ftcs1_0.tld" %>
     <%@ taglib prefix="ics" uri="futuretense_cs/ics.tld" %>
     <%@ taglib prefix="render" uri="futuretense_cs/render.tld" %>
     mport="com.fatwire.assetapi.data.AssetData,
5
                      com.fatwire.gst.foundation.facade.assetapi.AssetDataUtils,
6
                      com.fatwire.gst.foundation.facade.assetapi.AttributeDataUtils,
7
                      com.fatwire.gst.foundation.taglib.NavigationHelper" %>
8
9
     <cs:ftcs>
10
         <ics:if condition='-%=ics.GetVar("tid")!=null%>'><ics:then><render:logdep cid='-%=ics.GetVar("tid")%>' c="Template"/></ics:then></ics:if>
11
12
            AssetData ad = AssetDataUtils.getAssetData(ics.GetVar("c"), ics.GetVar("cid"),
13
                     "metatitle", "metadescription", "metakeyword", "h1title", "linktext", "body");
14
         %>
15
         <html>
16
         <head>
17
             <meta name="title" content='<%=AttributeDataUtils.asString(ad.getAttributeData("metatitle"))%>' />
18
             <meta name="description" content='-%=AttributeDataUtils.asString(ad.getAttributeData("metadescription"))%>' />
19
             <meta name="keyword" content='<%=AttributeDataUtils.asString(ad.getAttributeData("metakeyword"))%>' />
20
             <title><%=AttributeDataUtils.asString(ad.getAttributeData("metatitle"))%> | <ics:getvar name="site" /></title>
21
         </head>
22
         <body>
23
         <div id="nav">
24
             <render:satellitepage [my nav pagelet] ... />
25
         </div>
26
27
         Current date is <strong><%= new java.util.Date()%></strong>
28
29
         <h1><%=AttributeDataUtils.asString(ad.getAttributeData("h1title"))%>
30
         </h1>
31
32
         <div class="articlebody">
33
             <%=AttributeDataUtils.asString(ad.getAttributeData("body"))%>
34
         </div>
35
36
         </body>
37
         </html>
    </cs:ftcs>
```





Use Site Maps

- Site Maps help users to find pages
- Sitemap.xml files help search engines find pages
- Build your site map from your navigation structure
 - Then handle exceptions
- The Site Plan Tree is a great place to start
- Attach a vanity URL to the sitemap.xml to create a dynamic site map that does not require exporting







Using Community Server to Improve Page Rank

- If your site's content is not text-based, allow your users to write text for you
 - UGC in the form of comments, if moderated, can be very effective
- Community Server, added to pages, can add valuable keywords that help with page rank
 - Example: YouTube







Thank You

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